



# Characteristics of All-NbN Superconductor-Insulator- Superconductor Mixers for HSTDM

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Part **1**

# Introduction

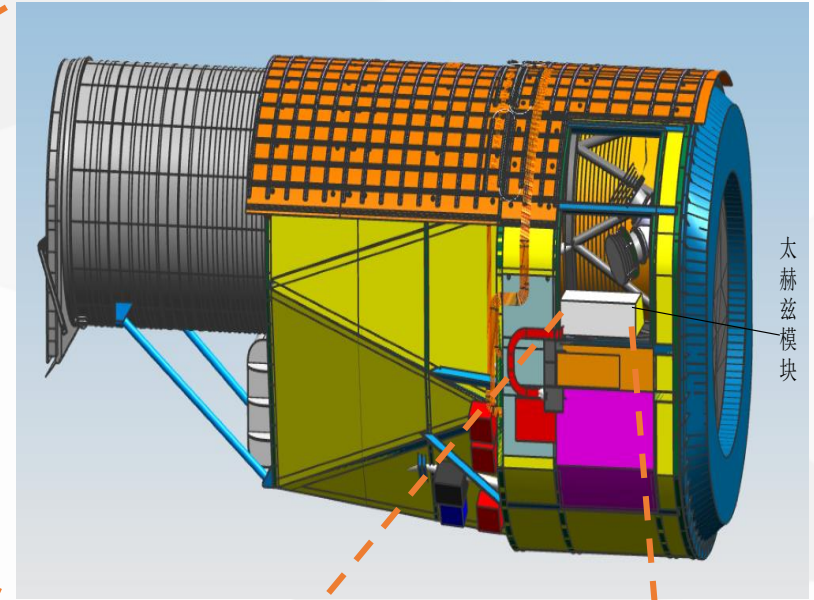
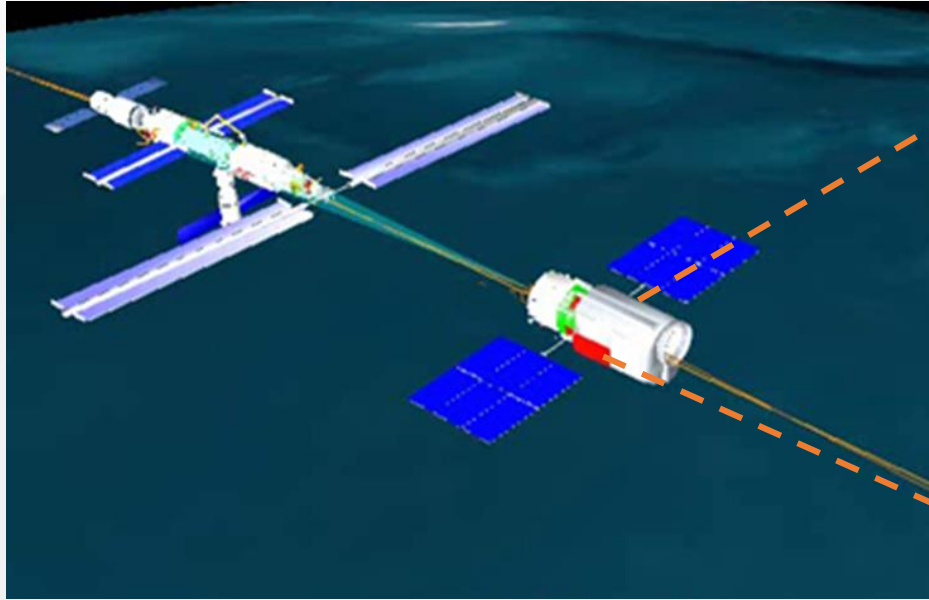




# Why do this study



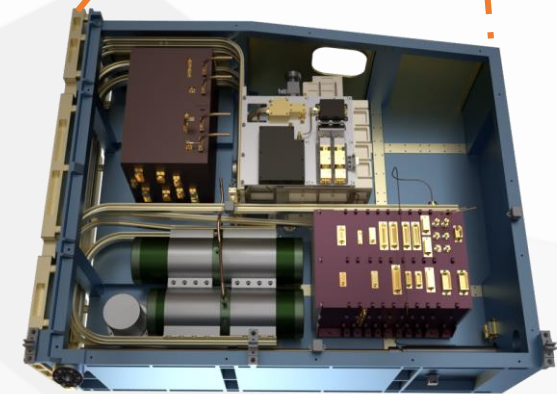
Chinese Space Station



Optical facility

## High-Sensitivity Terahertz Detection Module (HSTDM)

Receiver	All-NbN superconducting SIS mixer
Band	410-510 GHz
IF BW	0.1-1.1 GHz



HSTDM

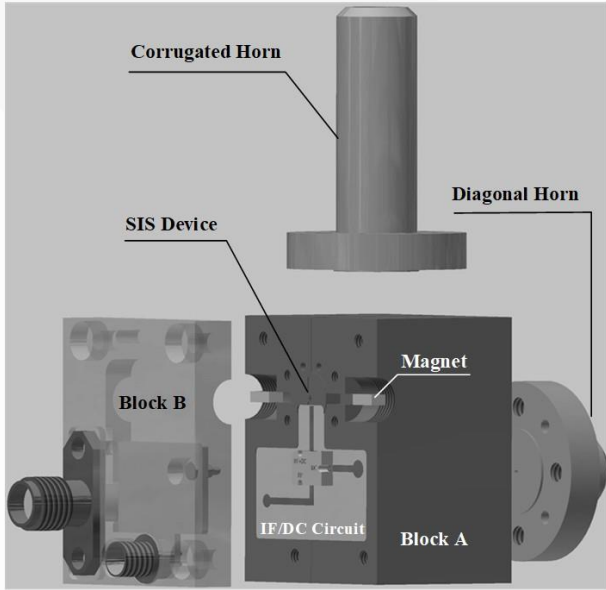


Part **2**

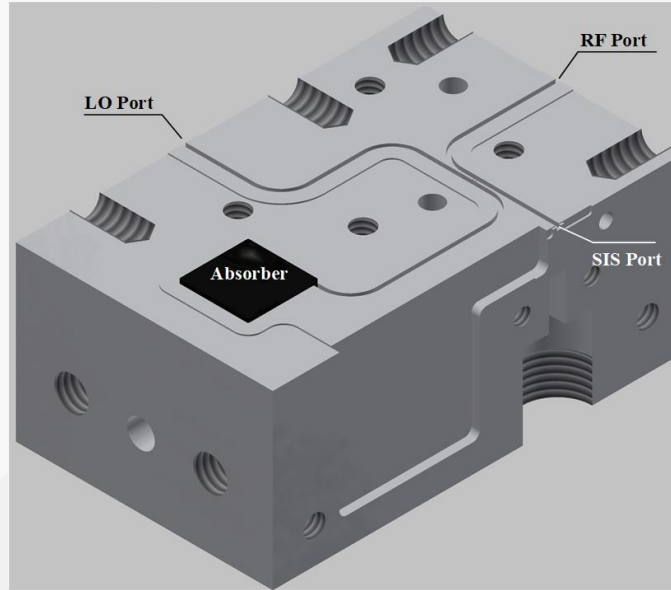
# Mixer Design



# All-NbN SIS mixer design

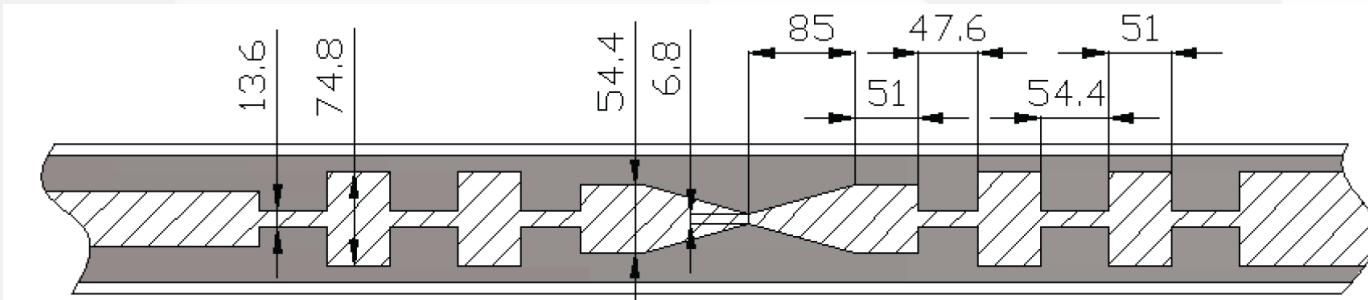


Schematic drawing of the all-NbN SIS mixer components



Schematic drawing of the coupler

Parameter	Value( $\mu\text{m}$ )
Waveguide	510×255
Short cavity	0
Slot size	119×119
Chip size	102×51



Design parameters of the all-NbN SIS chip

- **NbN/AlN/NbN parallel-connected twin junctions**
- **NbN/MgO/NbN microstrip tuning circuit**

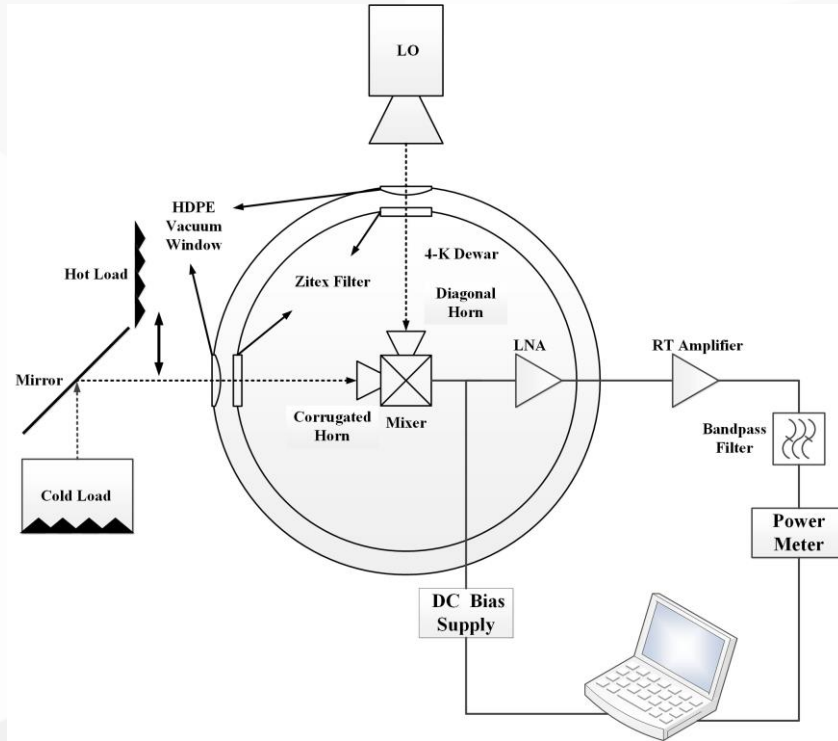


Part **3**

# Test results



# Test system



Schematic view of the ground test system

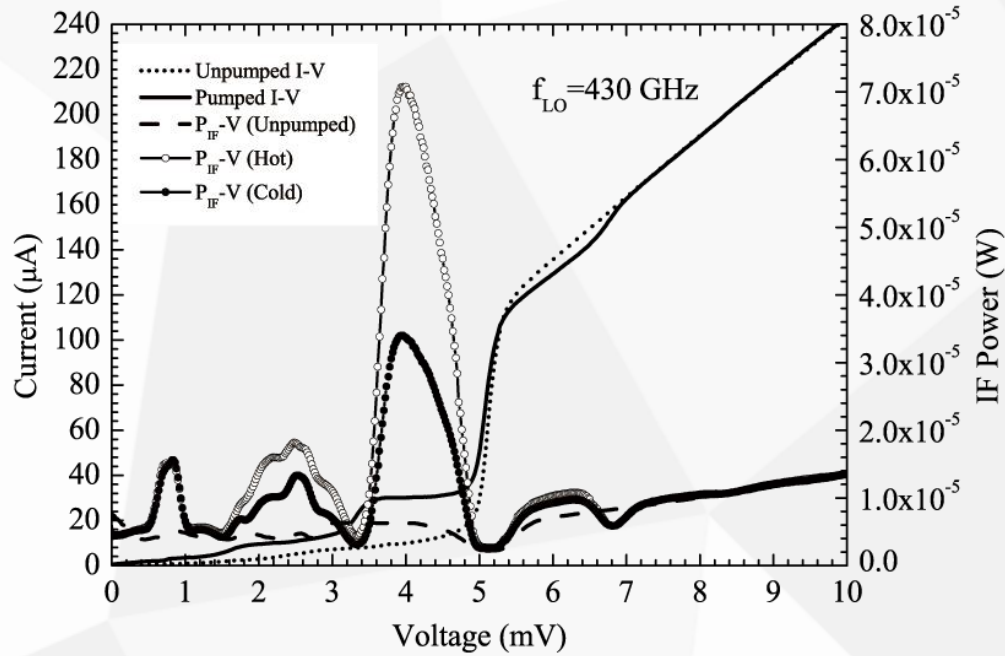
- ✚ Used diagonal horn and corrugated horn to couple LO and RF signals respectively
- ✚ Used magnet to suppress Josephson effect
- ✚ Measured in 4.2 K Dewar

IF component	Parameter	Value
LNA	Gain (dB)	30
	Bandwidth (GHz)	0.1-1.1
	Noise temperature (K)	<9
RT amplifier	Gain (dB)	30
	Bandwidth (GHz)	0.1-1.5
Filter	Center frequency (MHz)	780
	Bandwidth (MHz)	140

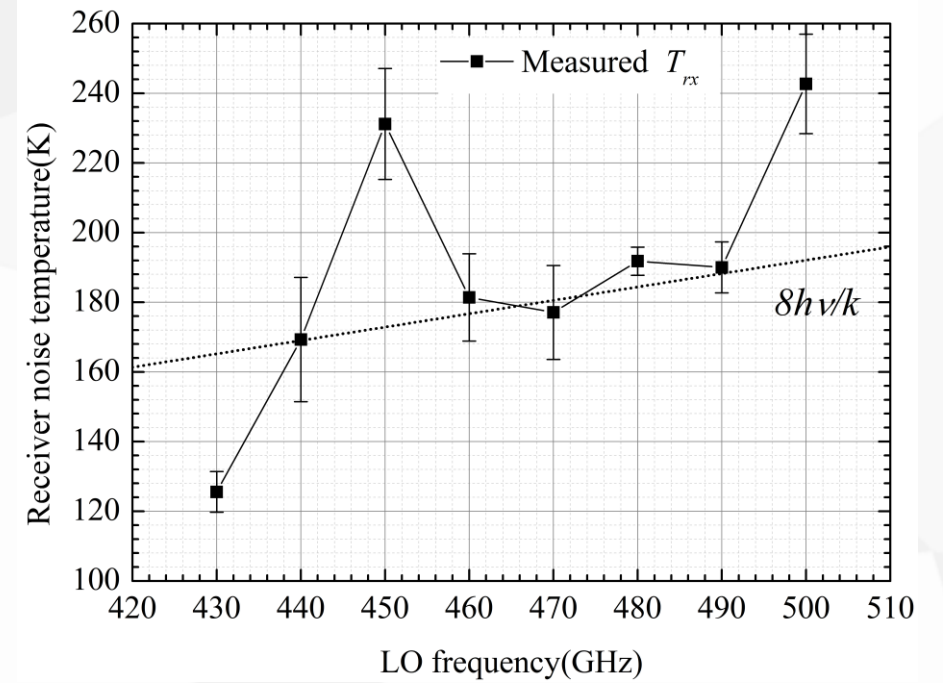




# DC and noise characteristics



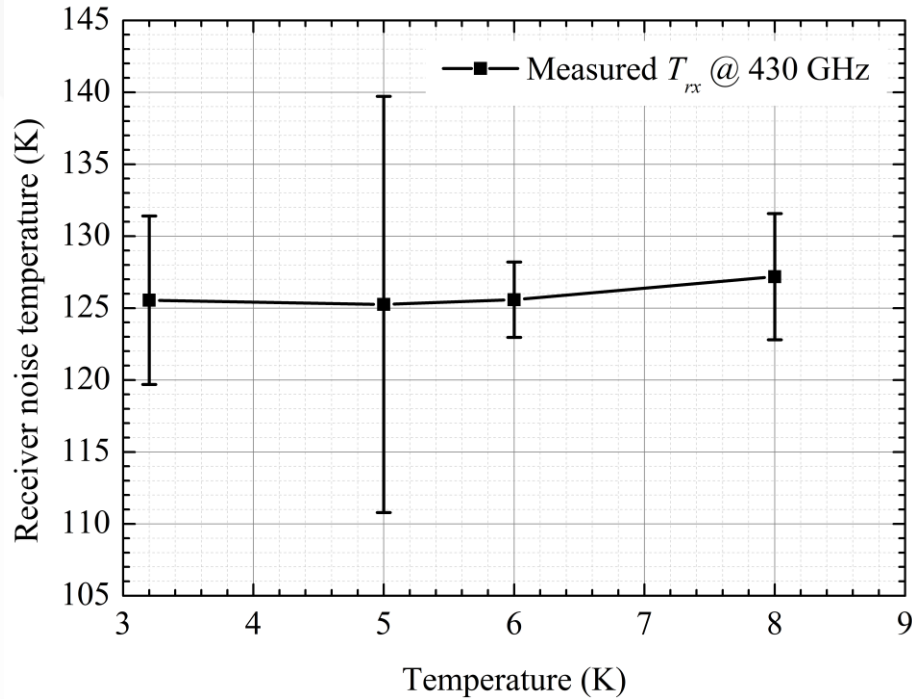
**IF output power and junction DC current vs junction DC bias voltage for the all-NbN SIS mixer with and without the 430 GHz LO power**



**The measured uncorrected DSB receiver noise temperature ( $T_{rx}$ ) vs LO frequency for the all-NbN SIS mixer**



# Test of space environment adaptability



The measured uncorrected DSB receiver noise temperatures ( $T_{rx}$ ) of the all-NbN SIS mixer at different bath temperatures when the LO frequency is 430 GHz

## Space particle irradiation test

Radiation source

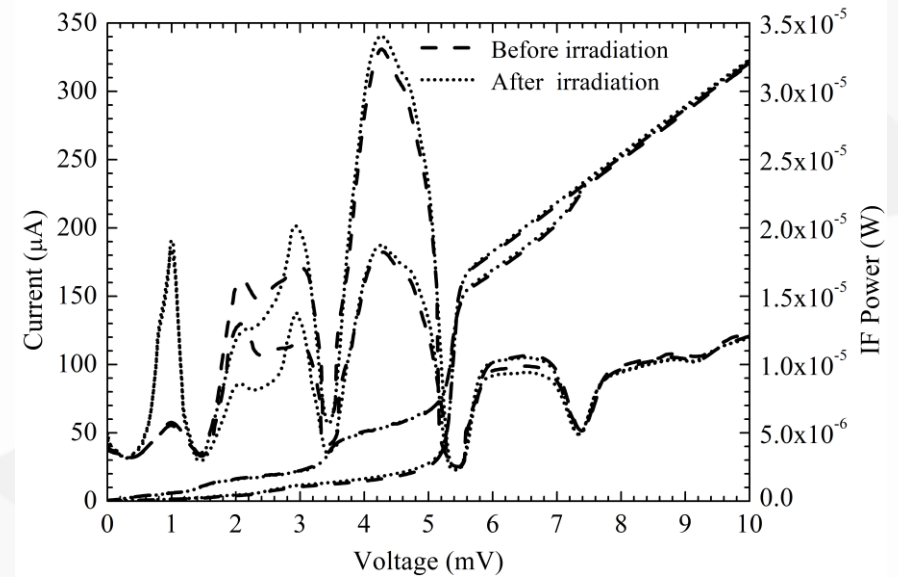
$^{60}\text{Co } \gamma$

Dose rate

0.1 rad(Si)/s

Total dose

20 k rad(Si)



The I-V and P-V curves of the all-NbN SIS mixer before and after the particle irradiation



Part **4**

# Conclusion



## Conclusion



- We have developed a SIS mixer with NbN/AlN/NbN parallel-connected twin junctions (PCTJ) and NbN/MgO/NbN tuning circuit.
- The measured uncorrected DSB receiver noise temperatures ( $T_{rx}$ ) of the all-NbN SIS mixer in frequency range of 430-500 GHz is about eight times the quantum limit.
- It has very high noise stability below 8 K, and it also has good adaptability to space environment.



**Thanks!**